

Dressing Options



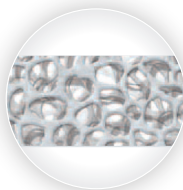
An exclusive combination of technology, support and proven results



V.A.C.® GranuFoam™ Dressing

Promotes granulation

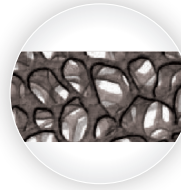
- Hydrophobic, open-pore structure facilitates exudate removal
- Provides an equal distribution of the negative pressure at the wound site
- Adapts to the contours of deep and irregular shaped wounds



V.A.C.® WhiteFoam Dressing

Provides comfort and versatility

- Recommended when granulation tissue needs to be controlled
- Higher tensile strength (than V.A.C.® GranuFoam™ Dressing) allows for easy removal from tunnels and undermining
- Helps promote flap and graft take
- Non-adherent material for a more comfortable dressing change



V.A.C. GranuFoam Silver® Dressing

Helps protect from bacterial growth

- Rapid and effective microbial kill¹ based on in-vitro microbial testing
- Eliminates the need for adjunctive silver layers that may inhibit negative pressure and granulation
- Continuous exposure of silver ions directly to the wound bed
- Provides an effective barrier to bacterial penetration and may help reduce bioburden in wounds



¹Based on in-vitro microbial ZOI Testing, KCI data on file.

Note: Disposable components of the V.A.C.® Therapy System, including the foam dressings (V.A.C.® GranuFoam™, V.A.C. GranuFoam Silver®, or V.A.C.® WhiteFoam Dressing), are packaged sterile and are latex-free. All Dressings are for single use only. To help ensure safe and effective use, these named dressings are to be used only with V.A.C.® Therapy Units.


NOTE: Specific indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions and safety information exist for KCI products and therapies. Please consult a physician and product instructions for use prior to application. This material is intended for healthcare professionals.

Dressing Selection | Selecting an appropriate foam dressing

Wound Characteristics	V.A.C.® GranuFoam™ Dressing	V.A.C.® WhiteFoam Dressing	V.A.C. GranuFoam Silver®	V.A.C.® GranuFoam™ Bridge Dressing
Deep, acute wounds with moderate granulation tissue present	•		•	
Full thickness pressure ulcers (Stage 3 or 4)	•		•	•
Flaps	•			
Painful wounds		•	•	
Superficial wounds		•		
Tunneling/sinus tracts/undermining		•		
Wounds that require controlled growth of granulation tissue		•		
Deep trauma wounds	•	•	•	
Diabetic foot ulcers	•	•	•	•
Dry wounds	•	•	•	
Post-graft placement (including dermal substitutes)	•	•		
Lower extremity ulcers, including Venous Leg Ulcers and Diabetic Foot Ulcers	•	•	•	•
Venous Insufficiency Ulcers	•	•	•	•
Need for barrier to bacterial penetration			•	

To learn more, contact your local KCI Representative or visit www.kci-medical.com

NOTE: These are general recommendations. As with any application, please consult the patient's treating physician about individual conditions and treatment.

 Always consult the V.A.C.® Therapy Clinical Guidelines along with the applicable instructions for use, labeling and safety information before placing a V.A.C.® Therapy System on a patient.